Data Visualization With Stata (The Basics)

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1 Introduction

99% of data visualization work seems to consist of creating bar graphs (graph bar y, over(x)) and scatterplots (twoway scatter y x). (For the sake of completeness, I am also going to mention histograms (histogram x).)

Note: In some commands, I use /// so that Stata commands can be on multiple lines.

This is a quick guide to these ideas using the Palmer Penguins Data.



2 Setup

```
clear all
use "penguins.dta", clear
```

Or, click here to download the data.

I am not a particular fan of the default s2color graph scheme in earlier versions of Stata. In earlier versions of Stata, I might use the s1color scheme by typing set scheme s1color. This handout makes use of the stcolor graph scheme which is the default in newer versions of Stata.

3 Histogram: histogram x

histogram body_mass_g, title("Body Mass of Penguins") xtitle("Body Mass")

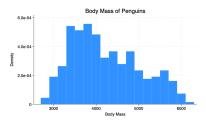


Figure 1: histogram

4 Bar Graph: graph bar

4.1 Counting Up Numbers In Each Group: graph bar, over(x)

```
graph bar, over(species) title("Penguin Species")
```

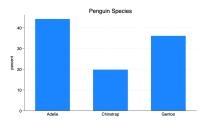


Figure 2: bar graph

4.2 Average Of A Continuous Variable Across Groups: graph bar y, over(x)

```
graph bar body_mass_g, over(species) title("Body Mass of Penguin Species")
```

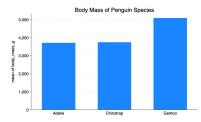


Figure 3: bar graph

${f 5}$ Scatterplot: twoway scatter y x

```
twoway scatter culmen_length_mm body_mass_g, ///
title("Penguin Culmen Length by Body Mass") ///
xtitle("Body Mass") ///
ytitle("Culmen Length")
```

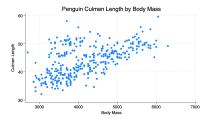


Figure 4: scatterplot

$\bf 6$ Linear Fit: twoway lfit y x

```
twoway lfit culmen_length_mm body_mass_g, ///
title("Penguin Culmen Length by Body Mass") ///
xtitle("Body Mass") ///
ytitle("Culmen Length")
```

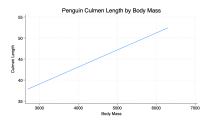


Figure 5: scatterplot